**Name:**

**Ancient Egypt Test**

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| Mummy | Pyramids | Dynasty | Mediterranean Sea |
| Delta | Pharaoh | Civil War |  |
| Afterlife | Arid | Famine |  |
|  |  |  |  |

***Fill in the blanks with a word from the word bank. You will only use the words once.***

1. Egyptian rulers were buried with all of their belongings, which proved that they believed there was an afterlife.
2. Outside of the Nile Valley, Egypt’s lands were very arid and not good for growing.
3. The Old Kingdom ended when Upper and Lower Egypt fought in a Civil War.
4. The delta region of a river valley has the best soil for farming.
5. King Menes began Egypt’s first dynasty when his son became king after him.
6. Droughts sometimes led to a famine where people had nothing to eat.
7. The Nile River empties into the Mediterranean Sea.
8. King Tut was buried in a tomb with all of his belongings and his body was made into a mummy.
9. During the New Kingdom, Egyptian rulers took the name pharaoh.
10. The Old Kingdom’s greatest monuments were the Pyramids at Giza.

**Circle the correct answer to each question.**

1. How did mountains, deserts, and seas benefit Ancient Egypt?

They formed natural barriers to invasion.

1. Which factor makes Lower Egypt better than Upper Egypt for farming?

There is a lot of flat, fertile soil in the delta area of Lower Egypt.

1. During which kingdom were the pyramids built?

The Old Kingdom

1. Which factor makes Upper Egypt better than Lower Egypt for farming?

People there could control the river’s flow and limit Lower Egypt’s water supply.

1. How were the Hyksos better prepared for war than the Egyptians?

They had war chariots, horses, and body armor.